

# Applied Compositional Thinking for Engineers



Spring 2021

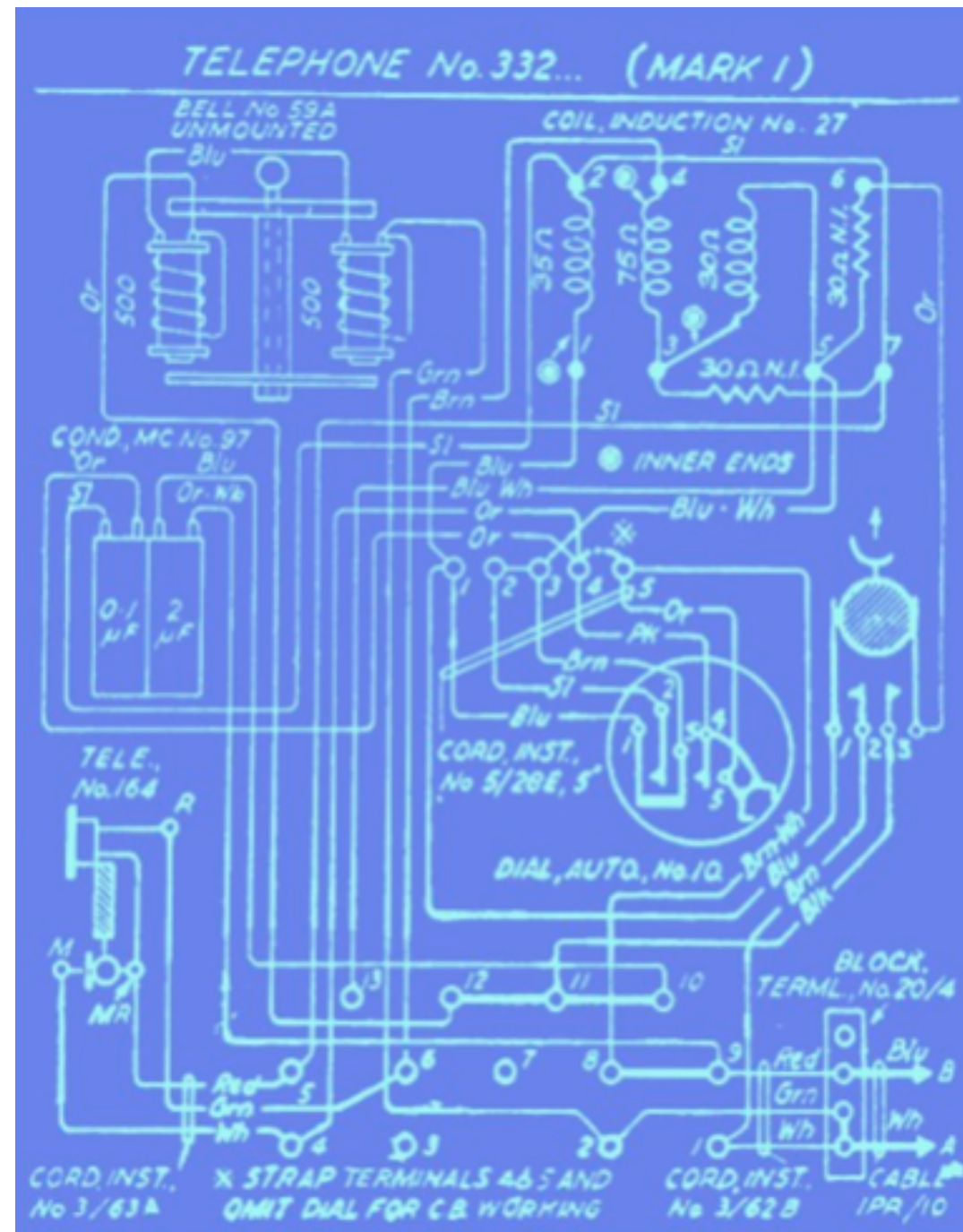
**Operads**  
**(continued)**

# Plan

- ▶ Operads as blueprints
- ▶ Algebras for an operad
- ▶ More examples



# Operads as blueprints



*Operad*

*Sets Operad*

*Sets Operad*

*Sets Operad*

*operads as a way to formally describe hierarchies of structures*

*"mathematical language for modular systems" - D. Spivak*



## Functors between operads

Let  $\mathcal{O}$  and  $\mathcal{O}'$  be operads. A functor  $F: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}'$  is defined by:

- constituents:
- $F_0: \text{ob}(\mathcal{O}) \longrightarrow \text{ob}(\mathcal{O}')$
  - $F_1: \mathcal{O}([x_1, \dots, x_n]; y) \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}'([F_0 x_1, \dots, F_0 x_n]; F_0 y)$



## Functors between operads

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constituents:

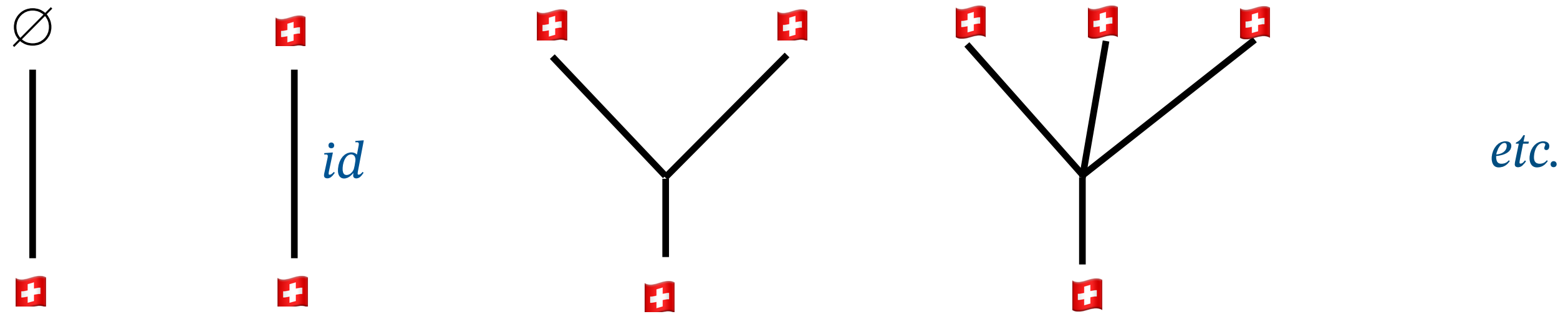
- $F_0: \text{ob}(\mathcal{O}) \longrightarrow \text{ob}(\mathcal{O}')$
- $F_1: \mathcal{O}([x_1, \dots, x_n]; y) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}'([F_0 x_1, \dots, F_0 x_n]; F_0 y)$

conditions:

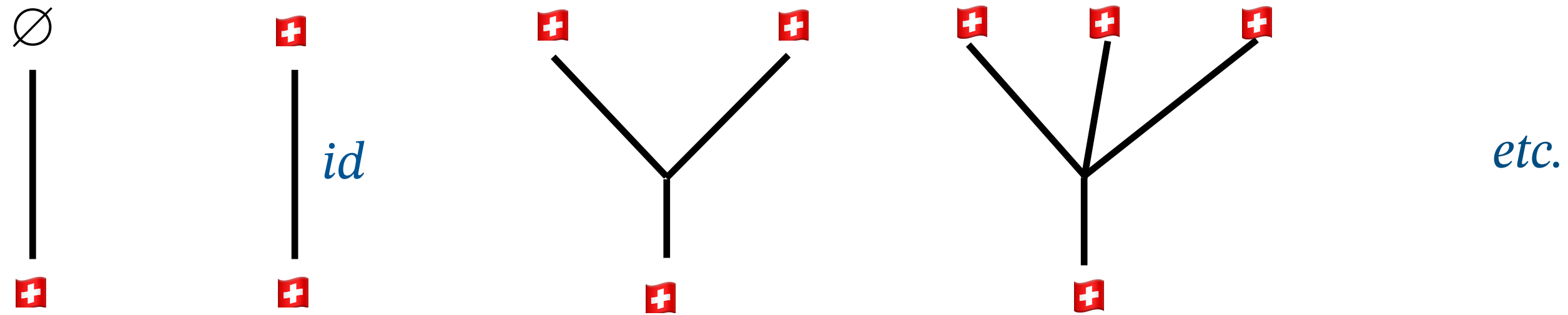
- compatibility with composition operations
- compatibility with identities



## Example: single typed branches

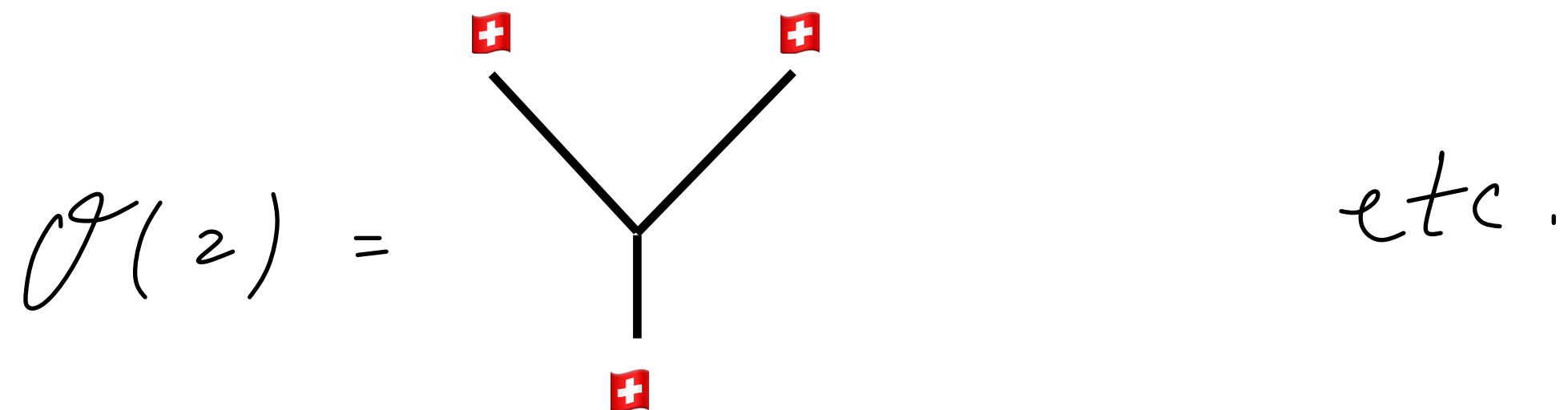


## Example: single typed branches



Objects:  $ob(\mathcal{G}) = \{ \text{red square with } + \}$  where  $0 = []$ ,  $1 = [\text{red square with } +]$ ,  $2 = [\text{red square with } +, \text{red square with } +]$ , etc.

Morphisms:  $\mathcal{G}([\text{red square with } +, \dots, \text{red square with } +], [\text{red square with } +]) = \{\text{tree with } n \text{ branches}\} =: \mathcal{G}(n)$



## Example: single typed branches

Recall: the operad of sets:

Objects: all sets

Morphisms:  $\text{Set}([X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n], Y) = \{\text{functions } X_1 \times \dots \times X_n \rightarrow Y\}$

What is a functor  $\mathcal{O} \xrightarrow{F} \text{Set}$ ?

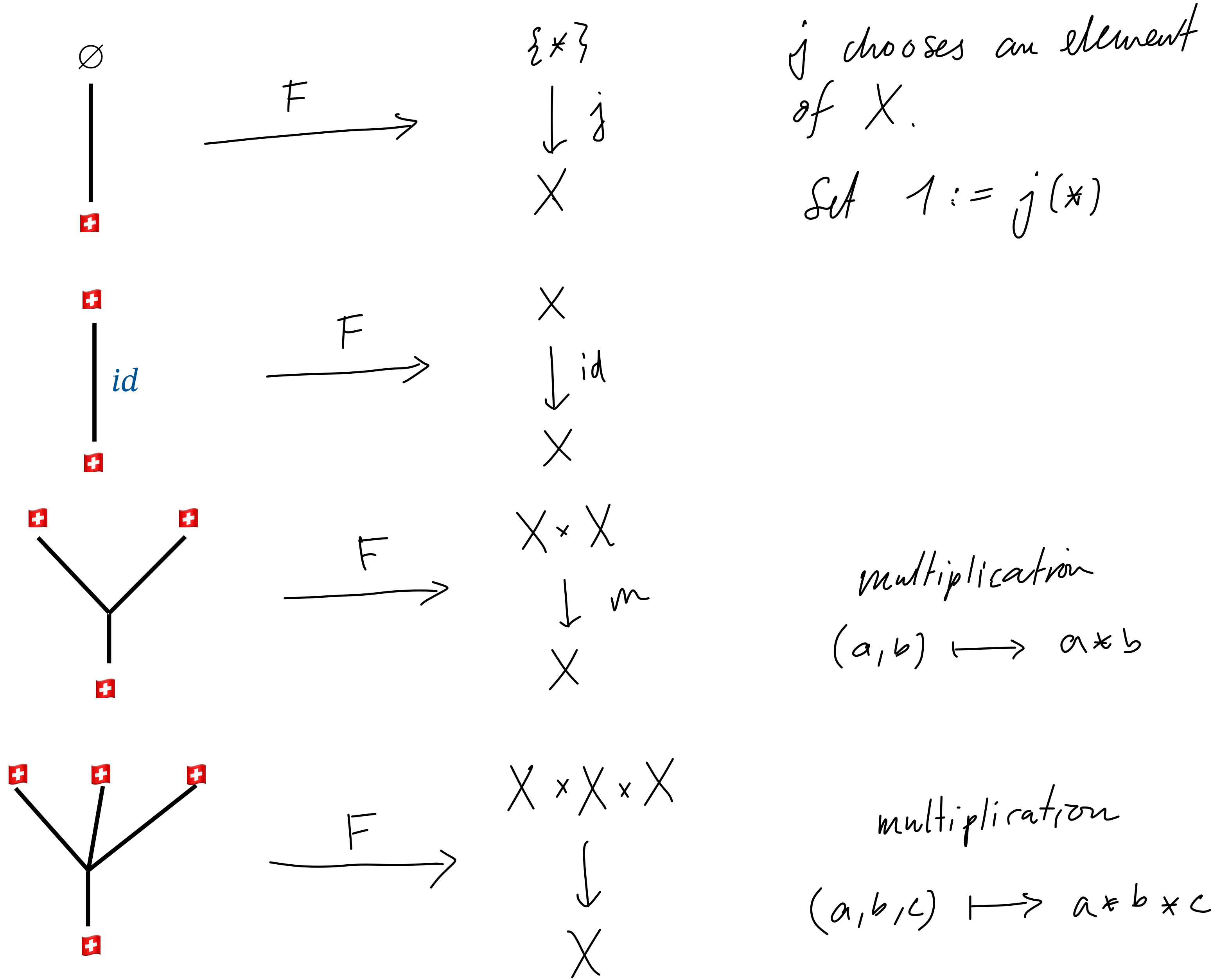
$$\text{ob}(\mathcal{O}) = \{\text{+}\} \xrightarrow{F} \text{ob}(\text{Set}) = \text{all sets}$$

$$\text{+} \mapsto F(\text{+}) =: X$$





Example: single typed branches



## Example: single typed branches

A functor  $\mathcal{O} \xrightarrow{F} \text{Set}$  is the "same thing"  
as a monoid  $(X, *, 1)$   $\uparrow$   
 $\circ$

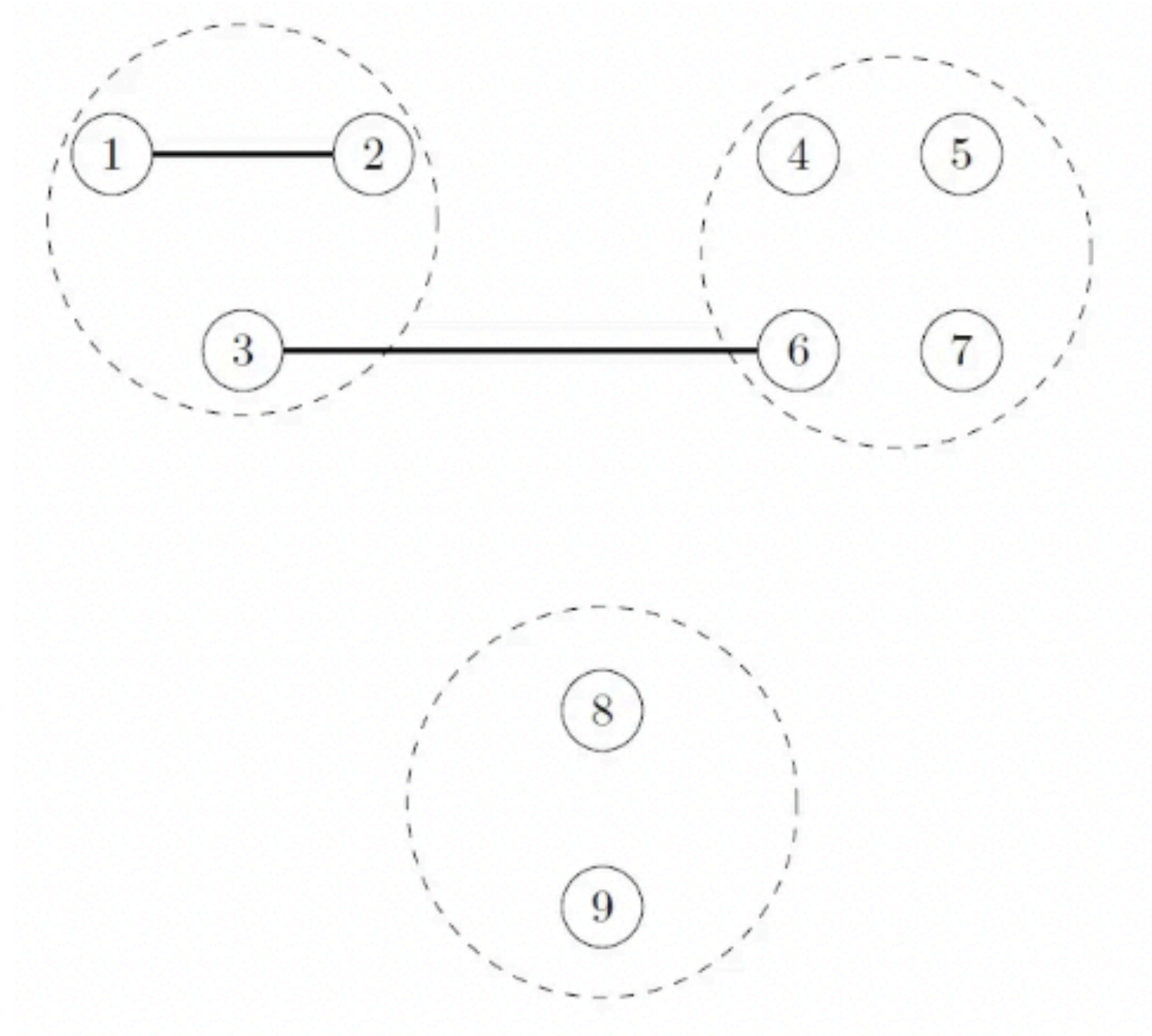


# Network operads

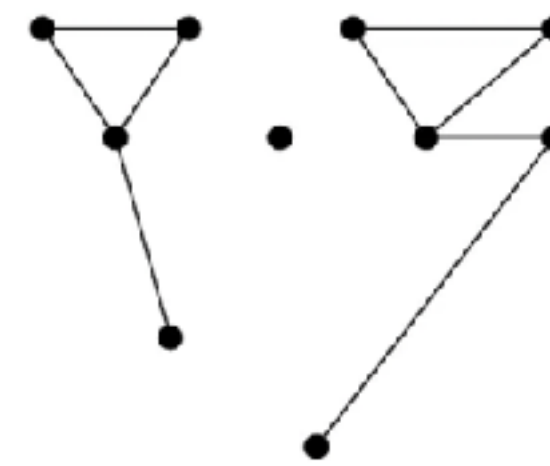
**Objects:**  $\mathcal{N} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

**Morphisms:**

" Network operad  
of simple graphs  
SG "



Simple graphs

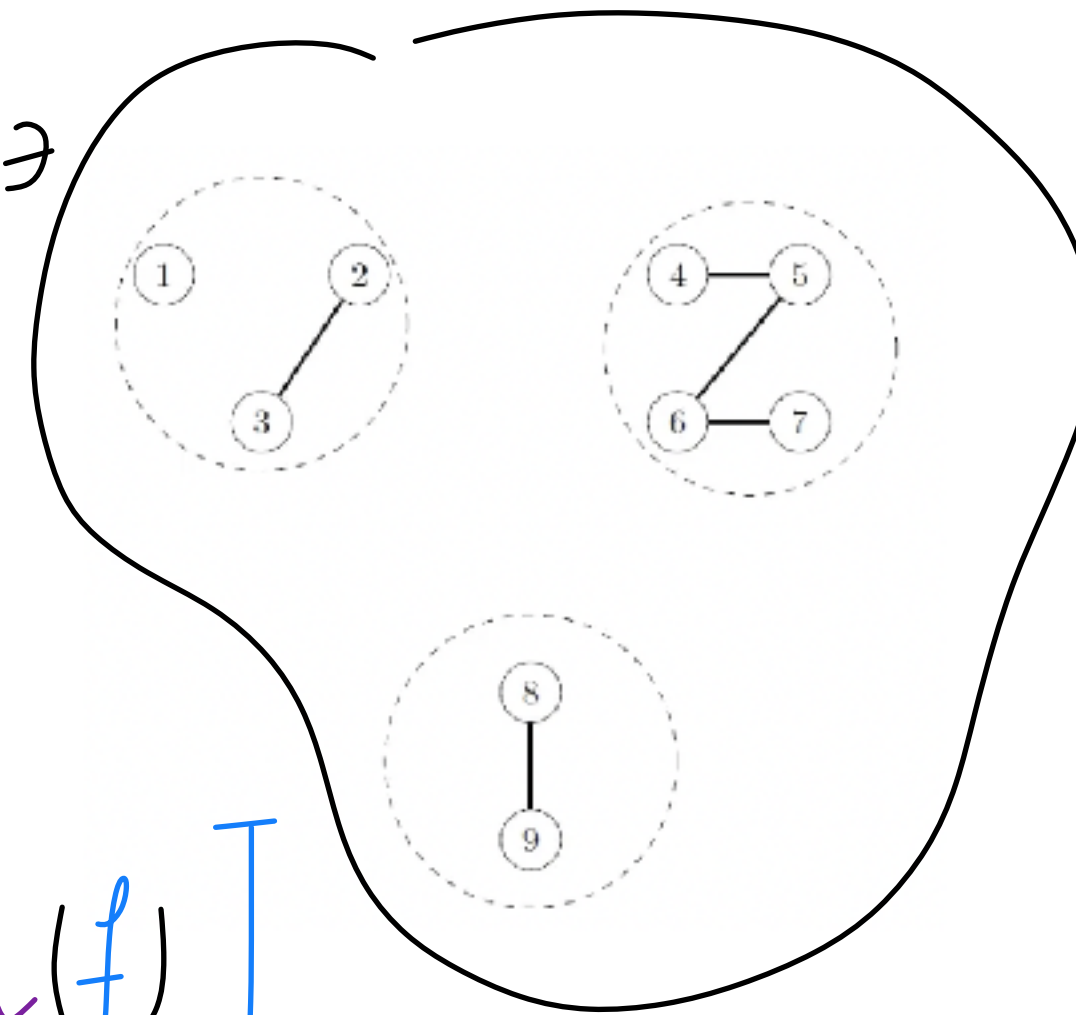


# Network operads

$\mathcal{S}\mathcal{G} \xrightarrow{A} \text{Sets}$

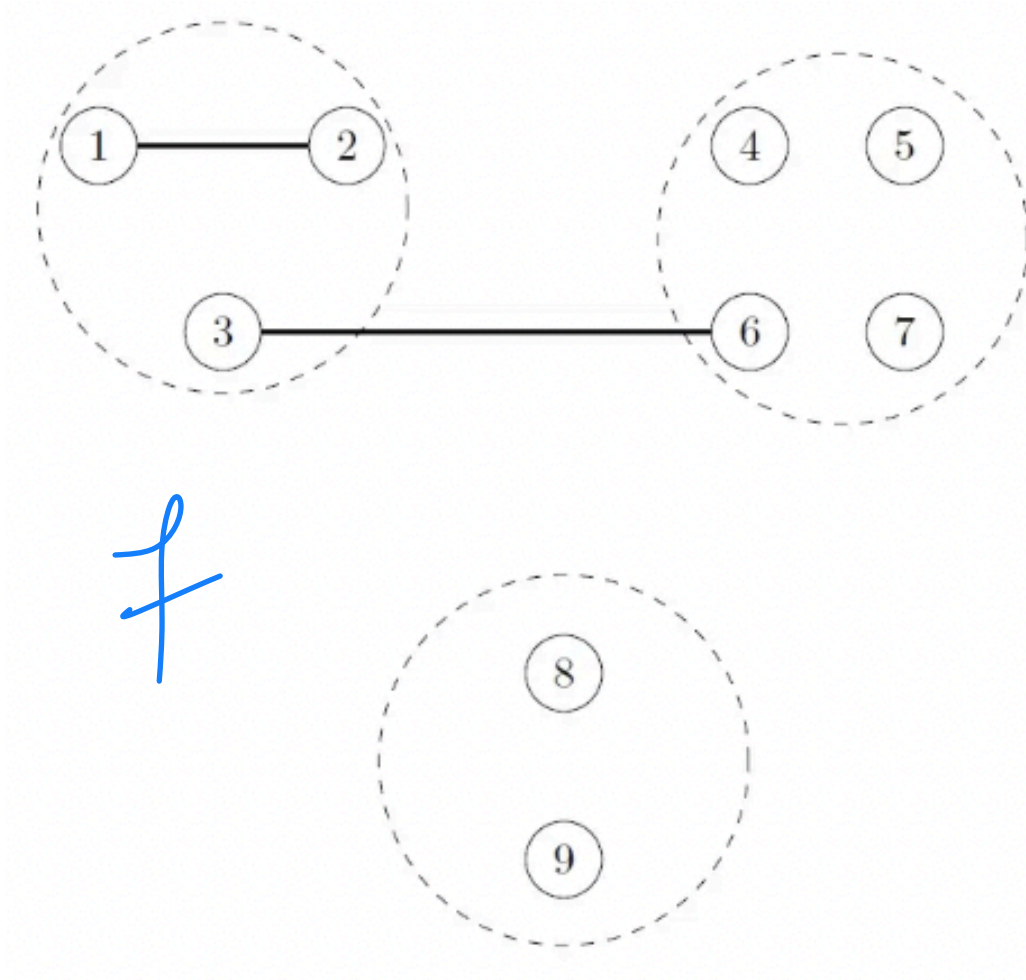
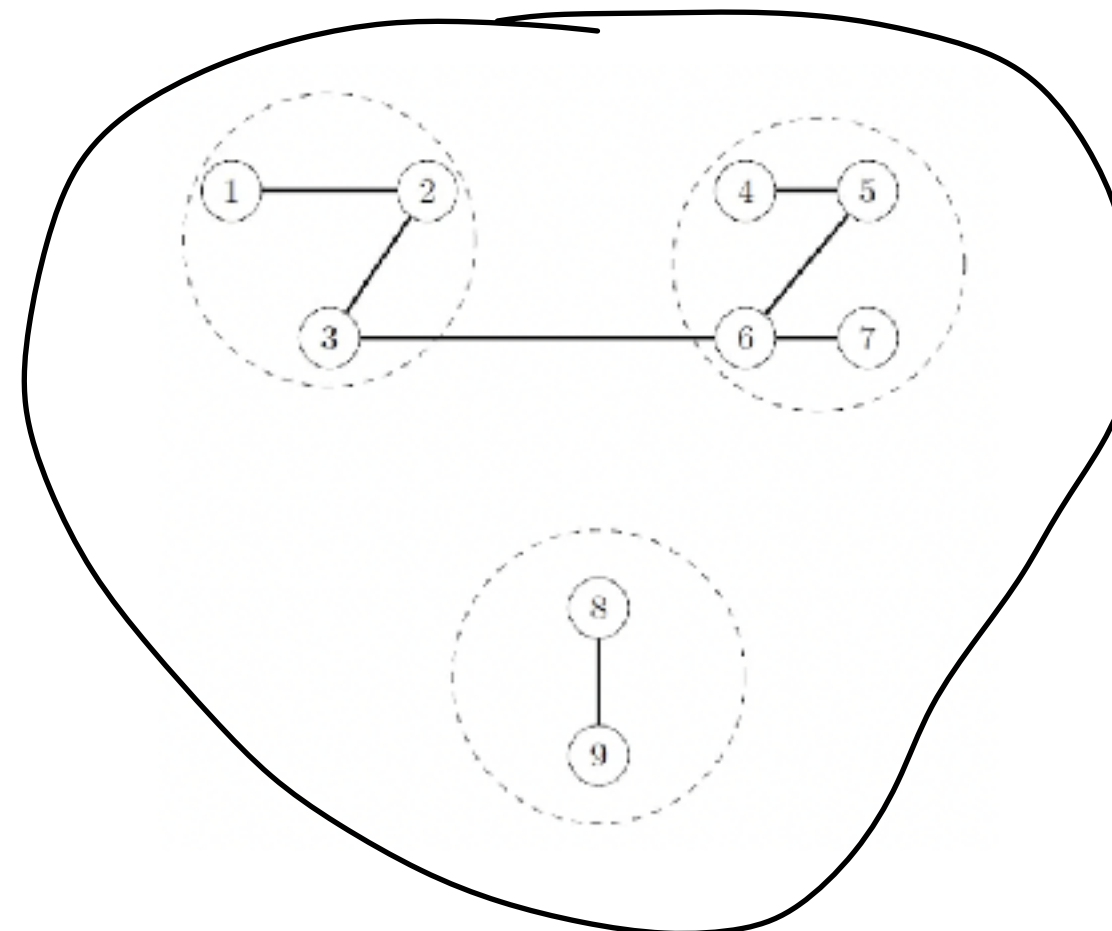
$A: ob(\mathcal{S}\mathcal{G}) \longrightarrow \text{Sets}$   
 $n \longmapsto \text{set of simple graphs with } n \text{ vertices}$

$A^{(3)} \times A^{(4)} \times A^{(2)} \ni$



$A^{(7)}$

$A^{(9)} \ni$



$\neq$

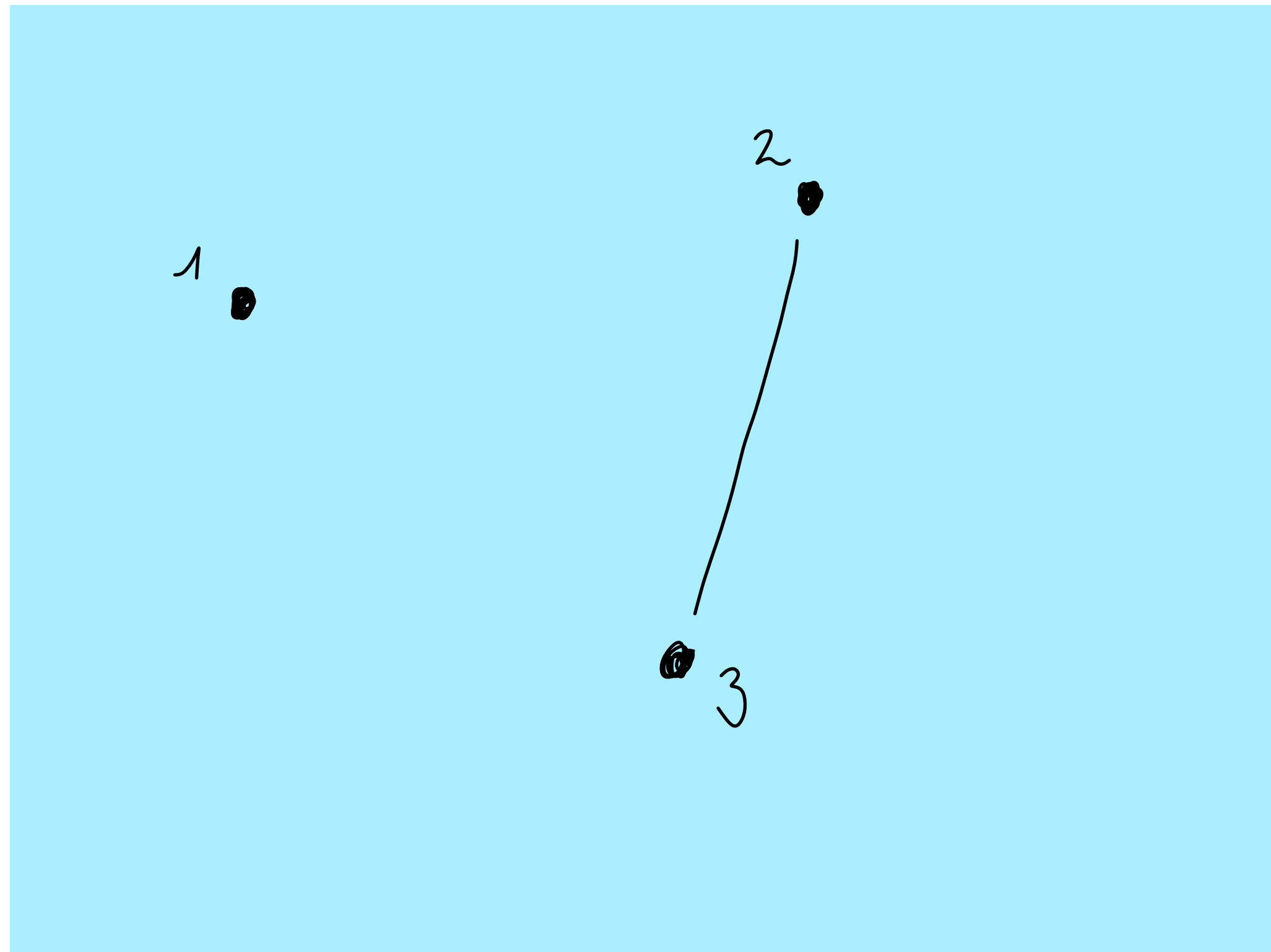


# Network operads

$SG \xrightarrow{A'} Sets$

$A': ob(SG) \longrightarrow Sets$   
 $n \longmapsto$  set of simple graphs with  
 $n$  vertices given by  $n$   
distinct points on a map

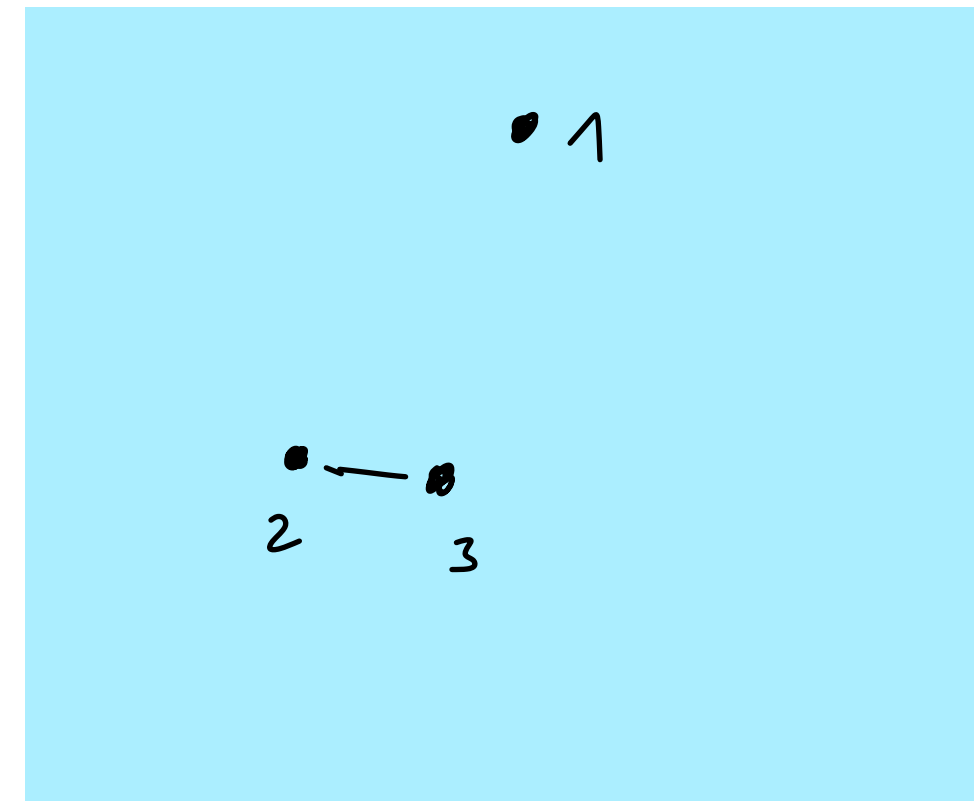
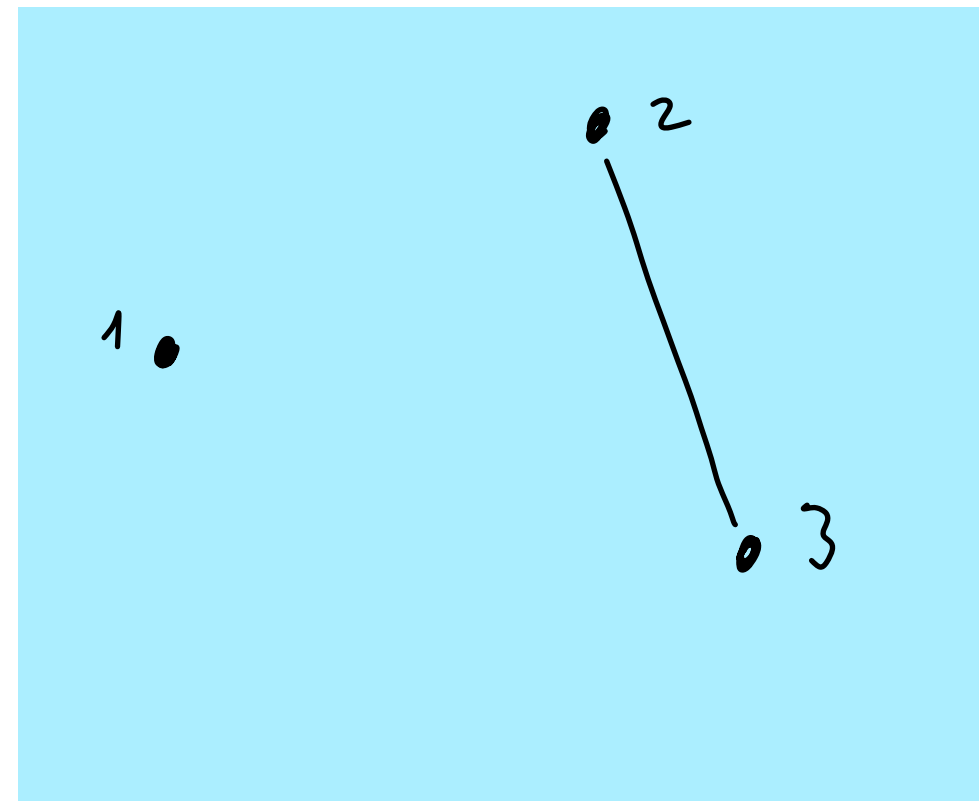
$A(3) \ni$



# Network operads

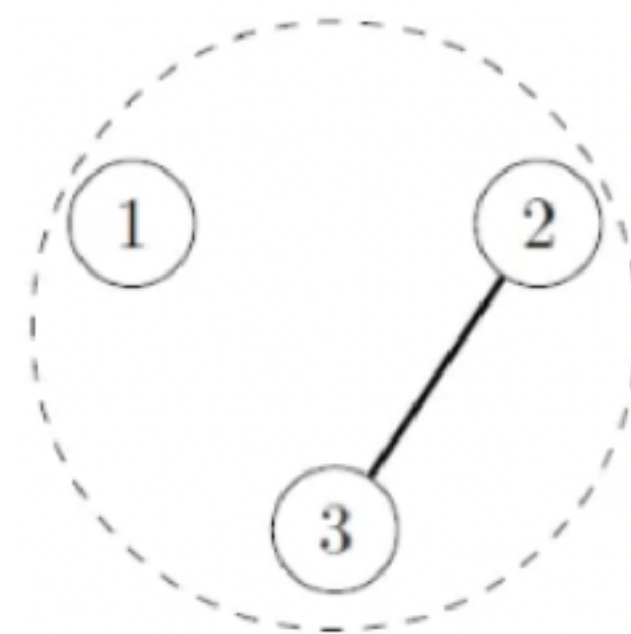
$A'$  is more "fine grained" than  $A$ :

$A'(3) \ni$



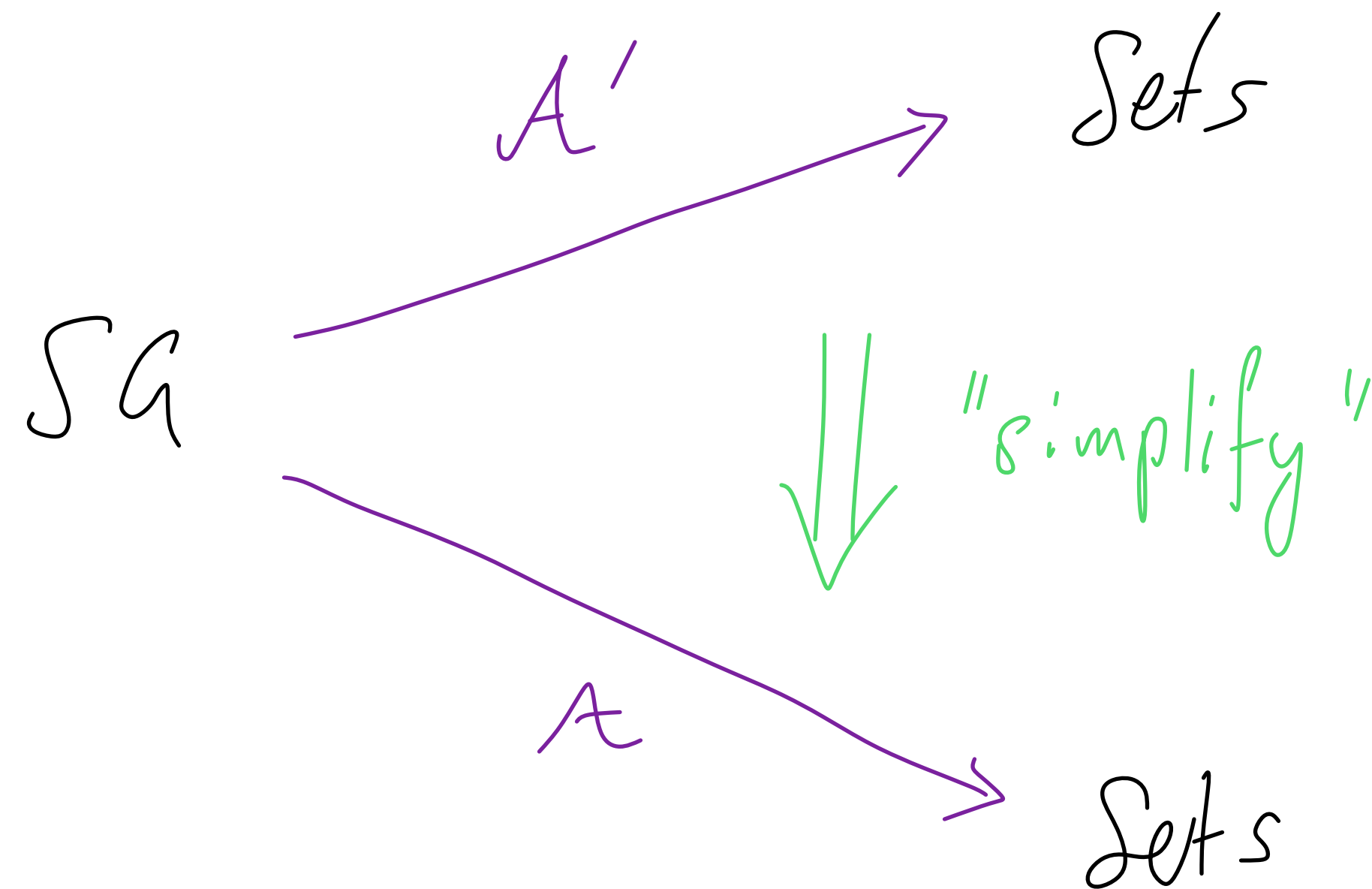
simplify

$A(3) \ni$



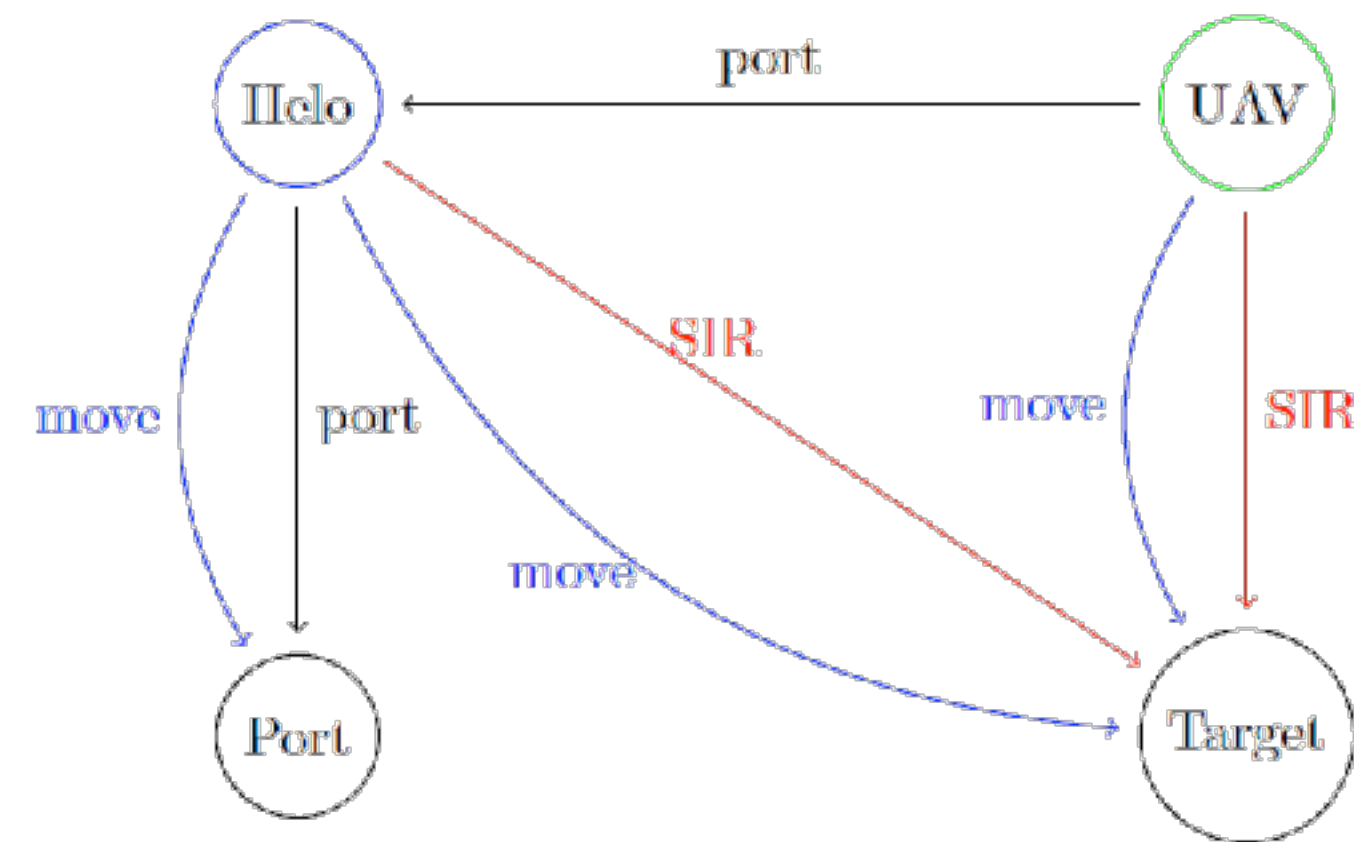
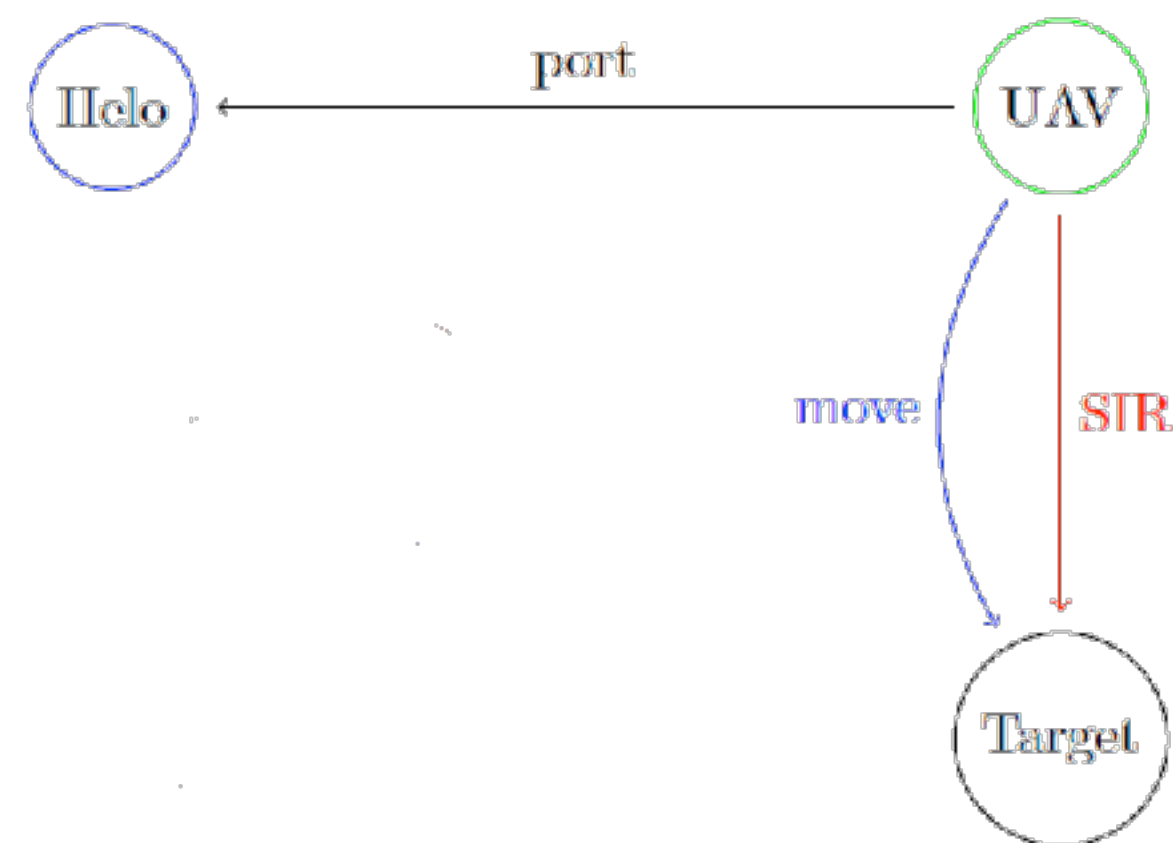
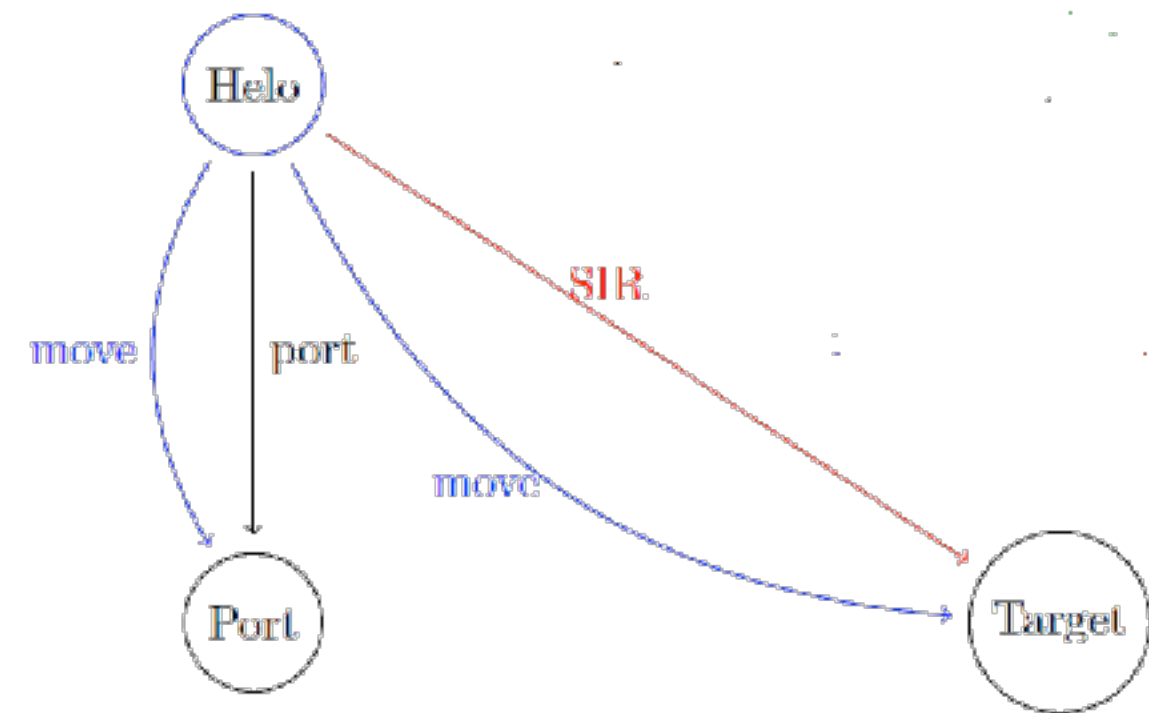
# Network operads

We have a *transformation* of algebras of the operad  $SG$ :





# Application: search and rescue



## Network Models

John C. Baez, John Foley, Joe Moeller, Blake S. Pollard





## Recall: actions

Let  $(M, *, 1)$  be a monoid. An action of  $M$  on a set  $X$  is a morphism of monoids

$$M \xrightarrow{\alpha} \text{End}(X)$$

$$m \longmapsto (\alpha(m) : X \rightarrow X)$$

This is equivalent to:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} M \times X \longrightarrow X \\ (m, x) \longmapsto \alpha(m)(x) \end{array} \right. \quad \neq \text{axioms}$$



## Recall: actions

Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a category. An action of  $\mathcal{C}$   
is a functor  $A: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

This generalizes  $\alpha: M \rightarrow \text{End}(X)$  !



## Algebras for an operad

Definition: Let  $\mathcal{O}$  be an operad.

An algebra for  $\mathcal{O}$  is a functor (of operads)

$$\mathcal{O} \xrightarrow{A} \text{Sets}$$



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Intuition: An algebra  $A$  for  $\mathcal{O}$  is a  
"concrete implementation" of  $\mathcal{O}$



# Sets as algebras

Let  $\mathcal{O}$  be the following operad

Objects:  $\{*\}$

Morphisms: Notation ;  $\mathcal{O}(n) := \mathcal{O}([*, \dots, *], *)$

$$\mathcal{O}(0) = \emptyset$$

$$\mathcal{O}(1) = \{*\}$$

$$\mathcal{O}(n) = \emptyset \quad \forall n > 1$$

An algebra  $A: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  is the same thing as  
a choice of a set  $X$  ( $X = A(*)$ )



# Semigroups as algebras

Let  $\mathcal{O}$  be the following operad

**Objects:**  $\{*\}$

**Morphisms:** Notation ;  $\mathcal{O}(n) := \mathcal{O}([*, \dots, *], *)$

$$\mathcal{O}(0) = \emptyset$$

$$\mathcal{O}(n) = \{*\} \quad \forall n \geq 1$$

An algebra  $A: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  is the same thing as  
a choice of a semigroup  $\langle S, \mu \rangle$

$$S = A(*)$$

$$\mu: S \times S \rightarrow S \quad \text{is} \quad A(\star): A(*) \times A(*) \rightarrow A(*)$$



# Monoid actions and algebras

Let  $\mathcal{O}$  be the following operad (fix a monoid  $M$ )

**Objects:**  $\{*\}$

**Morphisms:** Notation ;  $\mathcal{O}(n) := \mathcal{O}([*, \dots, *], *)$

$$\mathcal{O}(n) = M \text{ if } n=1, \quad \emptyset \text{ else}$$

An algebra  $A: \mathcal{O} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$  is the same thing as  
a choice of a set  $X = A(*)$  together with  
an action  $M \rightarrow \text{End}(X)$ .



# Cospan operad

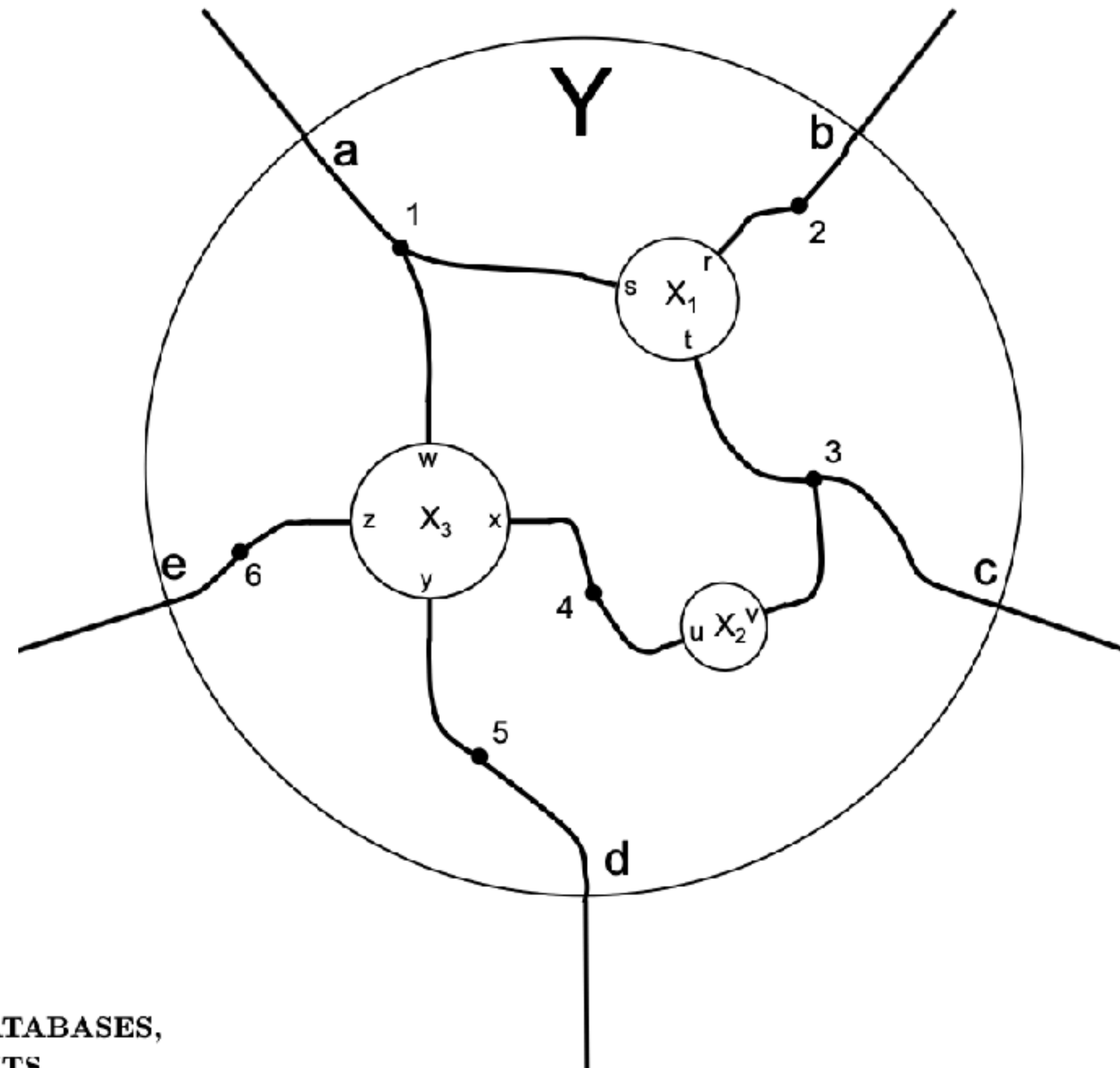
*Objects:* finite sets

*Morphisms:*

$$[x_1, x_2, x_3] \xrightarrow{\phi} Y$$

is

$$X_1 \cup X_2 \cup X_3 \rightarrow C \leftarrow Y$$

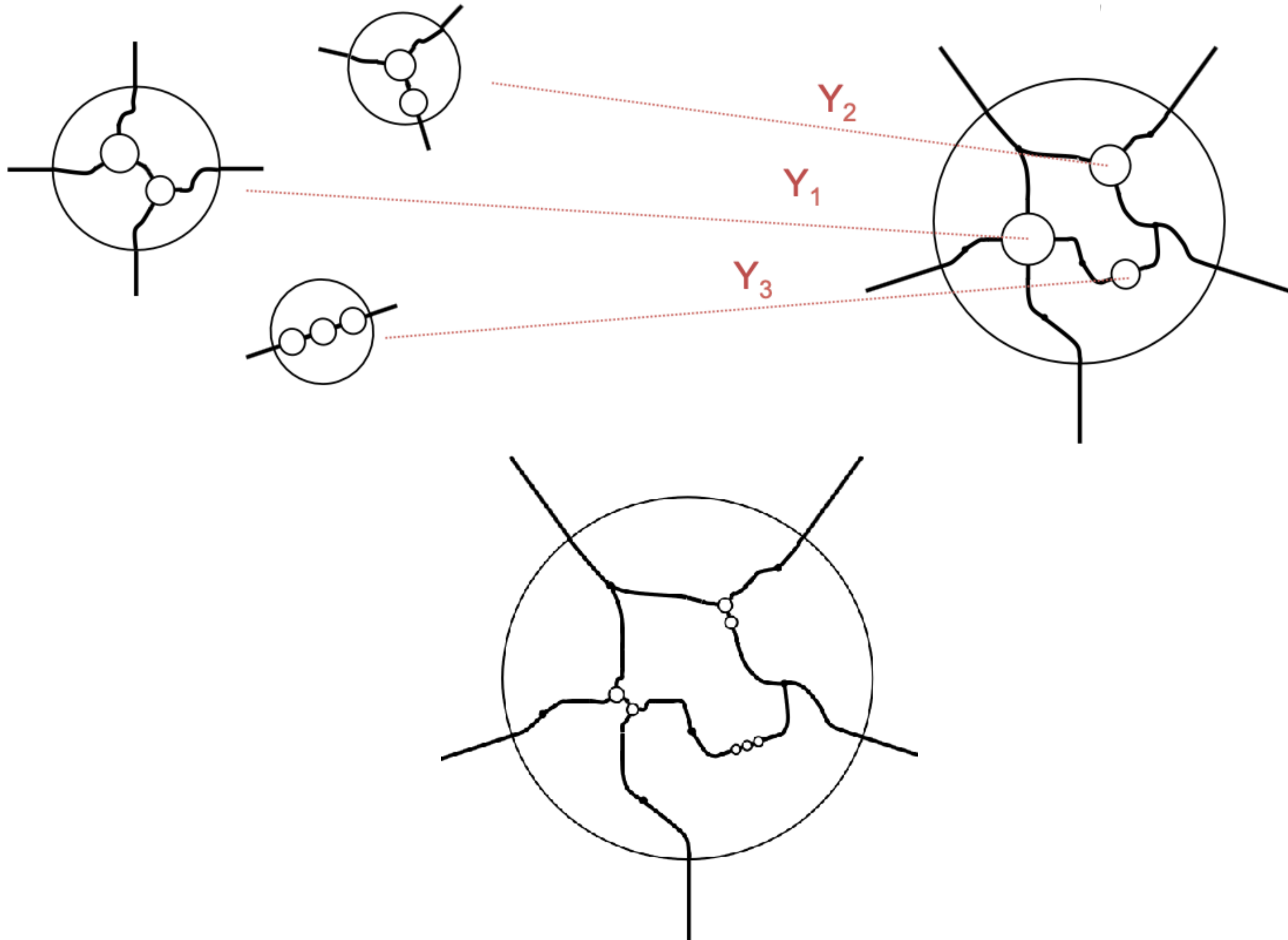


THE OPERAD OF WIRING DIAGRAMS:  
FORMALIZING A GRAPHICAL LANGUAGE FOR DATABASES,  
RECURSION, AND PLUG-AND-PLAY CIRCUITS





# Cospan operad

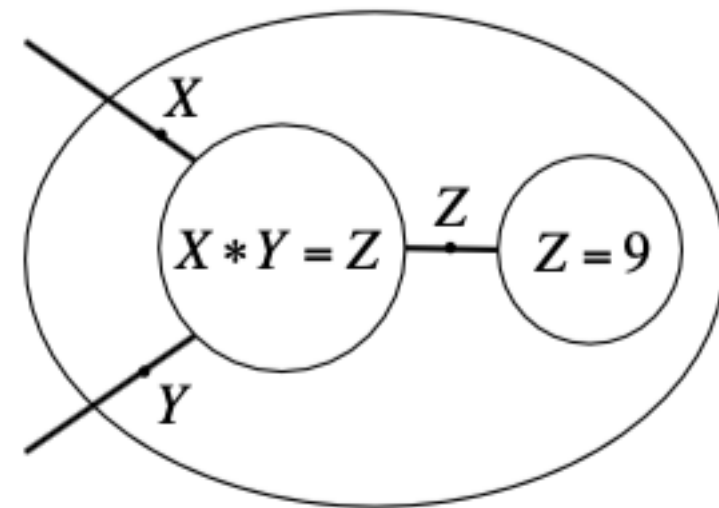


# Cospan operad

$Rel_{\mathbb{Z}} : \text{Cospan} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$

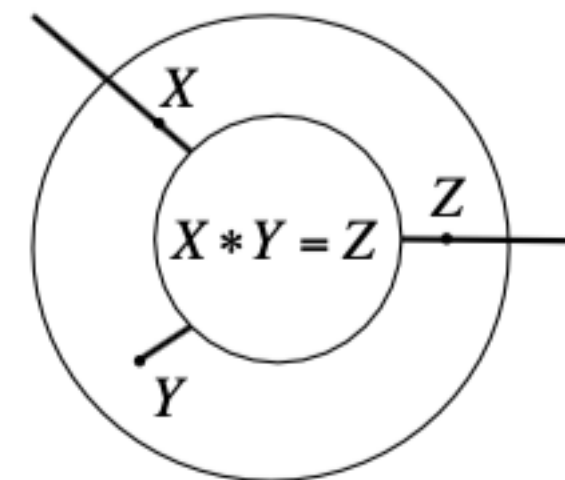
$Rel_{\mathbb{Z}}(X) = \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}^X) = \text{subsets of } \{(n_1, \dots, n_{|X|}) \mid n_i \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

$Rel_{\mathbb{Z}}(X_1 \sqcup \dots \sqcup X_n \rightarrow X \leftarrow Y) : \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}^{X_1}) \times \dots \times \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}^{X_n}) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}^Y)$



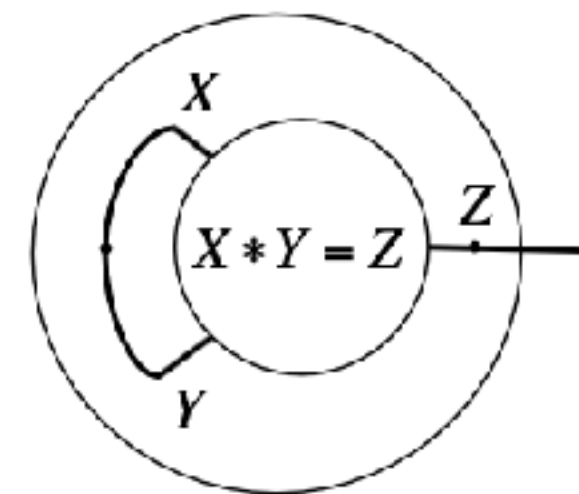
"all pairs of integers whose product is 9"

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \{X, Y\} & \\ & \downarrow g_1 & \\ \{X, Y, Z\} \sqcup \{Z\} & \xrightarrow{f_1} & \{X, Y, Z\} \end{array}$$



"all pairs of integers in which one is divisible by the other."

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \{X, Z\} & \\ & \downarrow g_2 & \\ \{X, Y, Z\} & \xrightarrow{f_2} & \{X, Y, Z\} \end{array}$$



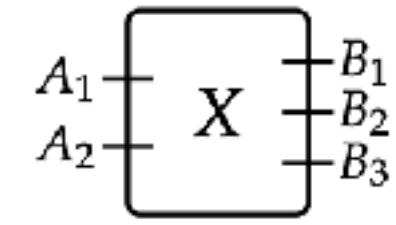
"all perfect squares"

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \{Z\} & \\ & \downarrow g_3 & \\ \{X, Y, Z\} & \xrightarrow{f_3} & \{XY, Z\} \end{array}$$



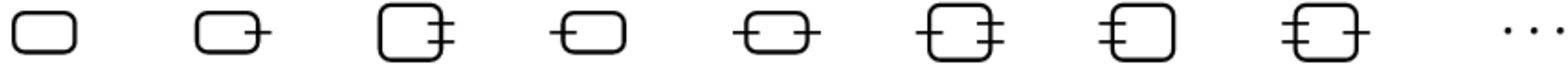
# Wiring diagram operads

*Objects:*

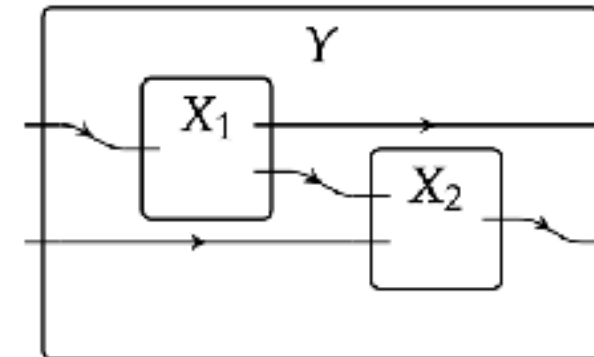
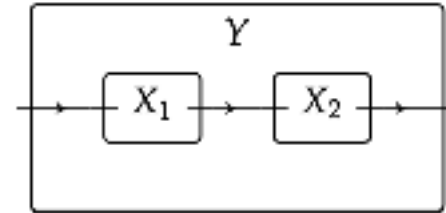
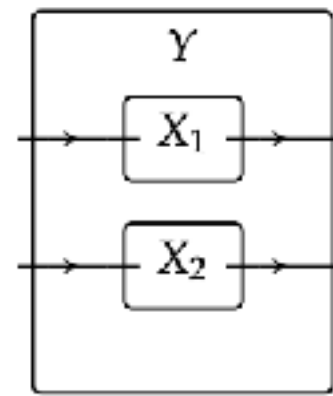


$$X^{\text{in}} = \langle A_1, A_2 \rangle$$

$$X^{\text{out}} = \langle B_1, B_2, B_3 \rangle$$



*Morphisms:*

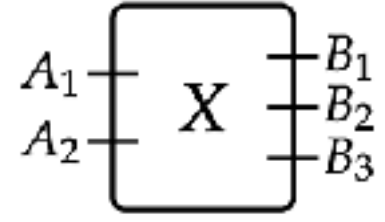


...



# Wiring diagram operads

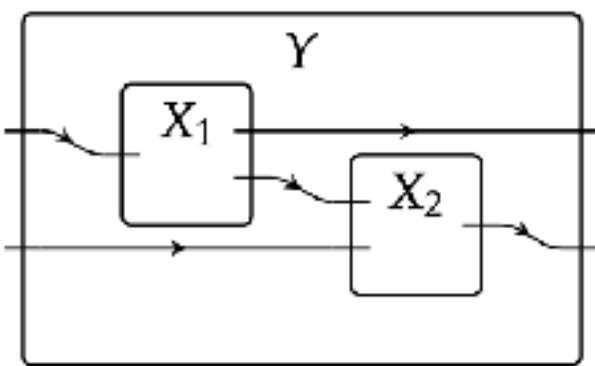
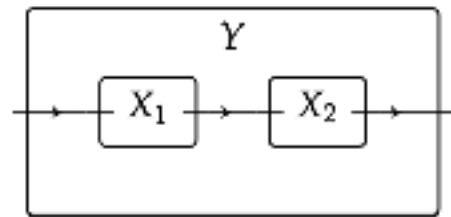
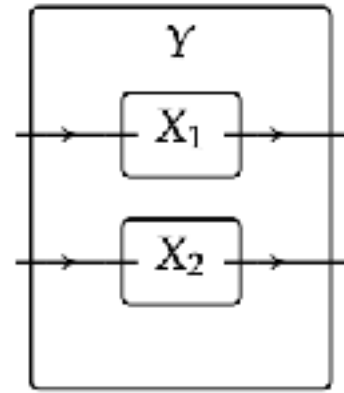
*Objects:*



$$X^{\text{in}} = \langle A_1, A_2 \rangle$$

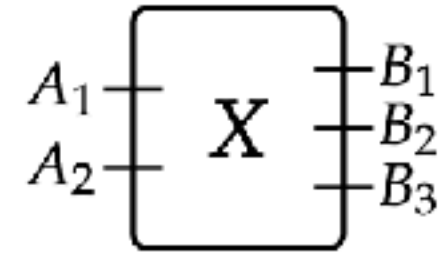
$$X^{\text{out}} = \langle B_1, B_2, B_3 \rangle$$

*Morphisms:*



# Wiring diagrams with feedback

*Objects:*



$$X = (X^{\text{in}}, X^{\text{out}})$$

$$X^{\text{in}} = \langle A_1, A_2 \rangle$$

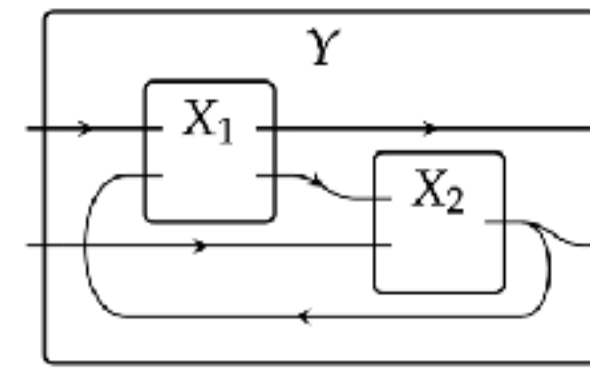
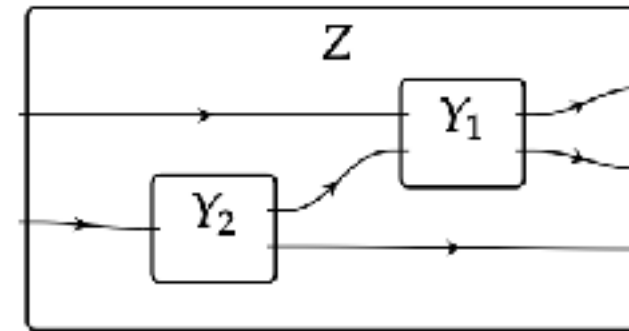
$$X^{\text{out}} = \langle B_1, B_2, B_3 \rangle$$

*Morphisms:*

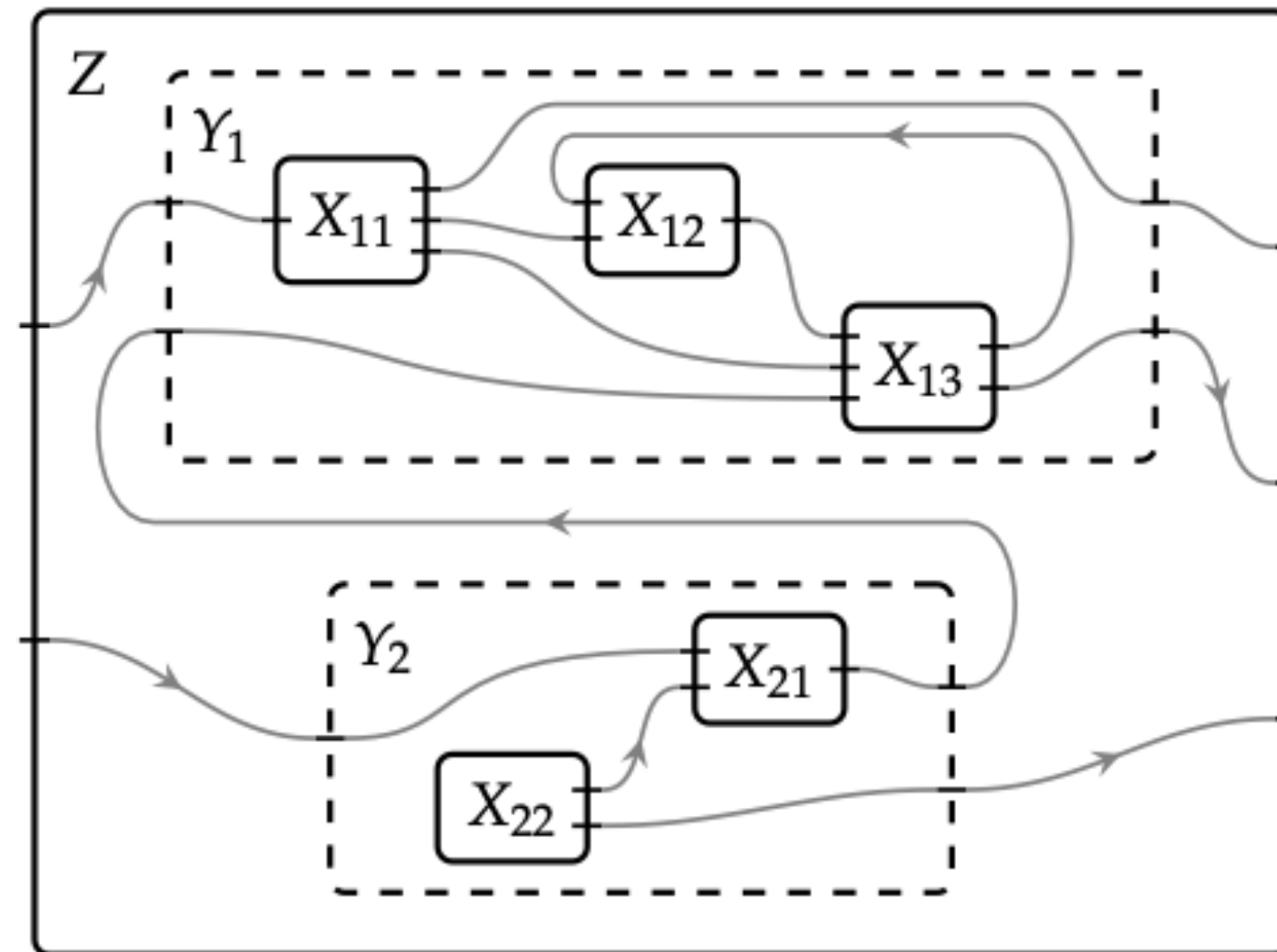
$$\varphi: X \rightarrow Y$$

$$\varphi^{\text{in}}: X^{\text{in}} \rightarrow Y^{\text{in}} + X^{\text{out}}$$

$$\varphi^{\text{out}}: Y^{\text{out}} \rightarrow X^{\text{out}}$$

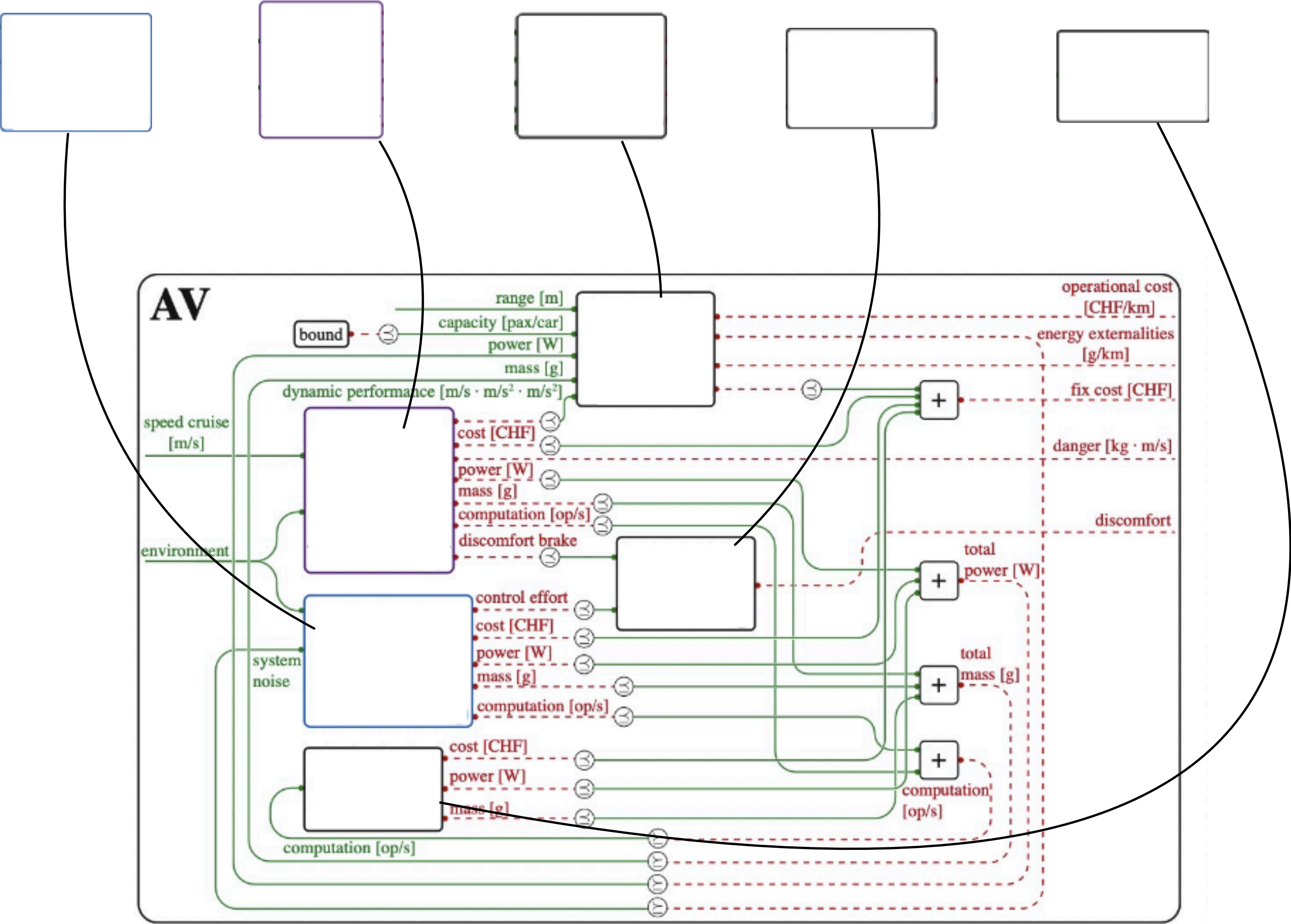


*Composition*

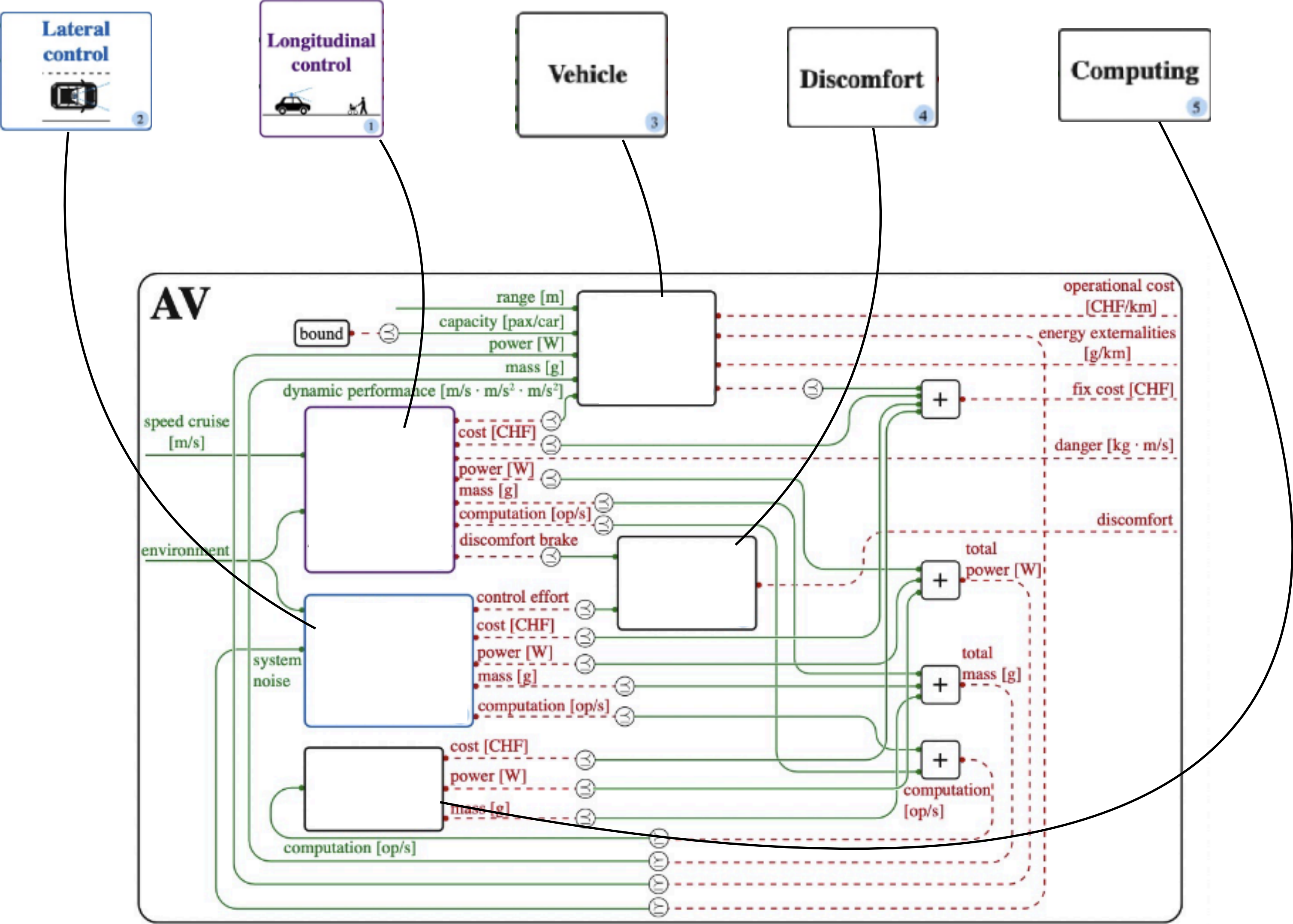




# Codesign

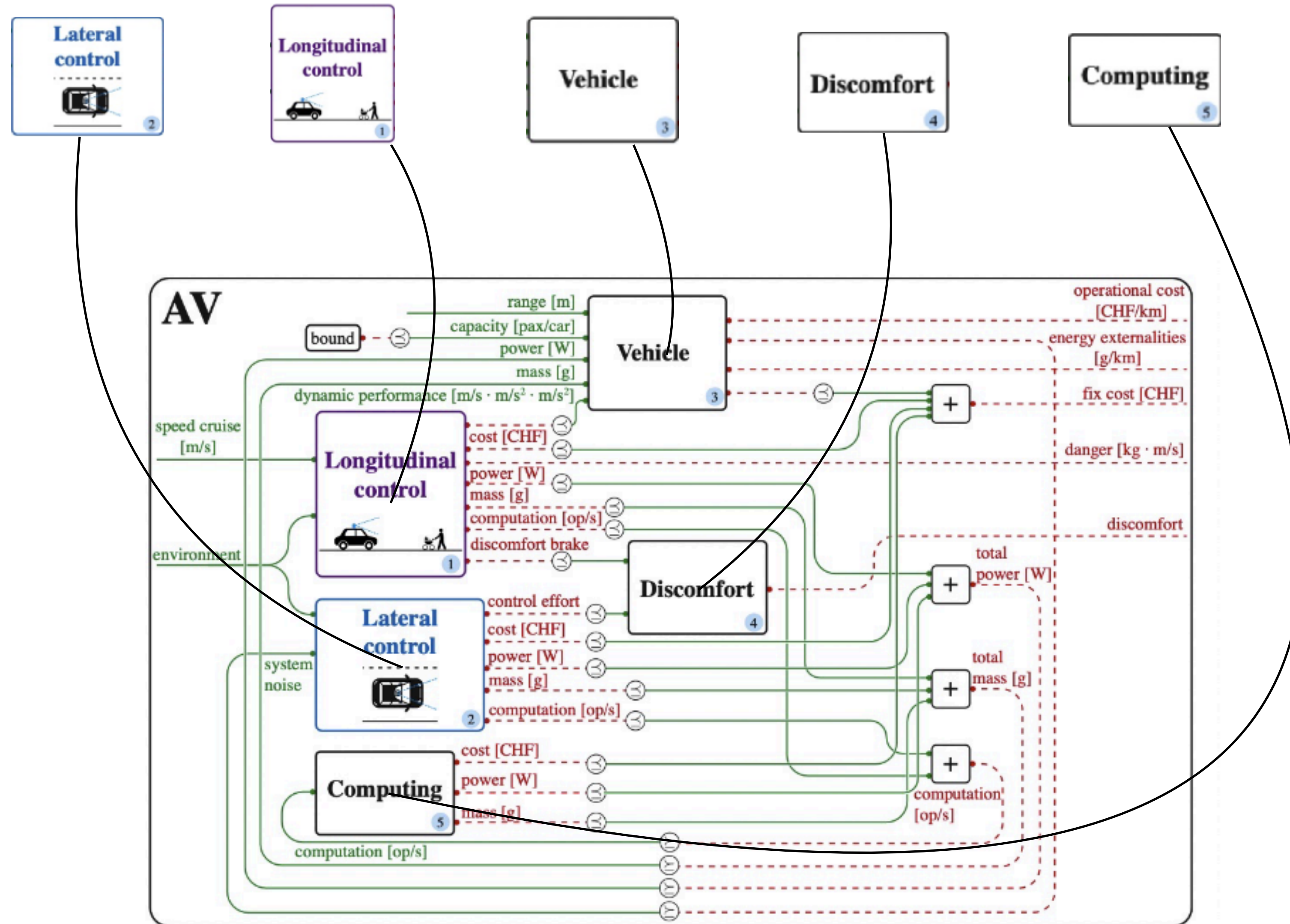


# Codesign





# Codesign





# Codesign

